

PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT SECRETARIAT

Orders the implementation of the Scheme sanctioned by the Government of India re: Centrally sponsored programme for other Backward Classes—Supplementary grants for 1959-60 and 1960-61.

READ—

1. Letter No. 3/4/59-SCTI-III, dated the 16th of May 1959 of the Government of India, Ministry of Home Affairs, New Delhi.
2. Letter No. DSW (Plan.) 2-33/59-60, dated the 20th of June 1959 of the Director of Social Welfare in Mysore, Bangalore.
3. Letter No. 27/9/59-SCT-III, dated the 31st of August 1959 of the Government of India, Ministry of Home Affairs, New Delhi.

ORDER NO. P & D 101 SEW 59, DATED BANGALORE, THE 19TH SEPTEMBER 1959
(BHADRAPADA 28, SAKA ERA, 1881).

Government of India, Ministry of Home Affairs, had, in their letter cited first above, proposed to allocate a supplementary grant of Rs. 11 lakhs for the Welfare Schemes of Other Backward Classes in the State for the remaining two years of the Second Plan period under the Centrally sponsored programme and desired that necessary proposals might be sent to them for their consideration and approval.

2. Detailed schemes costing of Rs. 11 lakhs (Rupees eleven lakhs only) to be implemented during the remaining two years of the Second Five-Year Plan period costing Rs. 5·50 lakhs during 1959-60 and Rs. 5·50 lakhs during 1960-61 respectively were sent to the Government of India. The schemes include the starting of 12 Agricultural colonies in the Districts of Gulbarga, Bijapur Belgaum and Shimoga Districts; two housing colonies in Raichur District; sinking of Drinking Water Wells in the Districts of Bidar, Gulbarga, Raichur and Bijapur Districts; and the construction of roads in the coastal strips of North Kanara and South Kanara Districts for the benefit of fishermen as in Annexure I. The estimated cost of these schemes is as shown in Annexure II and the details of roads to be constructed in the coastal strips are as shown in Annexure III.

3. The list of Schemes approved by the Government of India, Ministry of Home Affairs, New Delhi, for implementation during the financial years 1959-60 and 1960-61 for the welfare of Other Backward Classes in the under developed rural areas in the State is as in Annexure-IV, the expenditure during 1959-60 and 1960-61 being Rs. 5·50 lakhs (Rupees five lakhs and fifty thousand only) each year.

4. The Director of Social Welfare in Mysore, Bangalore will determine the exact location of these colonies in consultation with the Deputy Commissioners concerned. He will go ahead with the implementation of these schemes during the current financial year in accordance with the instructions contained in letter No. 23/21/57-SCT-II, dated the 15th of May 1958 of the Government of India, Ministry of Home Affairs, New Delhi. In implementing the schemes for housing colonies, the instructions contained in Government of India letter (Ministry of Home Affairs) No. 20/153/58-SCT-III, dated the 17th June 1959 shall be observed.

5. As no provision has been made in the State budget, the expenditure on these schemes should be debited to 'Contingency fund' which should be clearly shown on the bills and necessary supplementary grant will be obtained from the Legislature to recoup the advance made for the fund. The Finance Department will issue orders regarding the advance from the Contingency fund.

The Grant from the Government of India should be taken as a Receipt under XXIX-A. Rural Development—III Grant-in-aid from Government of India for Welfare of Backward Classes—Centrally sponsored schemes.

By Order and in the name of the Governor of Mysore,

M. B. SHETTY,

*Under Secretary to Government,
Planning and Development Department.*

ANNEXURE I.

1. Agricultural Colonies for Woddars of Gulbarga District.

The living conditions of Woddars of Gulbarga District are far from satisfactory. It is, therefore, proposed to open four (4) Agricultural Colonies for Woddars in this District. Each Colony will cost about Rs. 57,000. Two (2) Colonies will be opened in 1959-60 and the other two in 1960-61. Each colony will be for 50 families. While, locating these colonies, the really backward areas in the District will be selected. Each of these 50 families will also be given economic aid for the purchase of bullocks, seeds, manure and implements. One Drinking Water Well will be constructed in each colony. Also a School with the necessary equipment will be provided. Approach and link roads to the colonies will be formed.

2. Agricultural Colonies for Berads of Bijapur District.

The Berads of Bijapur District are economically very poor and they require rehabilitation. It is, therefore, proposed to start 4 Agricultural colonies for 200 families of Berads each in the Bijapur District. Two (2) of these colonies will be opened in 1959-60 and another 2 in 1960-61. Each colony will consist of 50 families and is expected to cost Rs. 57,000. In each Colony, 50 houses will be constructed for 50 Berad families. They will also be given agricultural and economic aid. Each colony will have a Drinking Water Well and a School Building with the necessary equipment. Approach and link roads to the colony will be formed. While locating these colonies, only the really backward areas in the District will be selected.

3. Agricultural Colonies for Berads of Belgaum District.

The Berads of Belgaum District are also economically very poor. It is, therefore, necessary to rehabilitate them in Agricultural colonies. The scheme is to start 2 colonies for Berads in this District, one in 1959-60 and another in 1960-61. Each colony will be a self-contained unit and will cost about Rs. 57,000. Fifty Berad families will be housed in each colony and they will be given necessary land and help for agriculture. In each colony a well will be dug and a school will be constructed. Also approach roads will be formed leading to the colonies.

4. Agricultural Colonies for Shillekyathas (Fishermen) of Shimoga District.

Shillekyathas of Shimoga District are Fishermen by profession. They are very backward and are in dire need of rehabilitation. It is, therefore, proposed to start 2 Agricultural Colonies for the Shillekyathas of this District at an estimated cost of Rs. 57,000 for each colony. One colony will be started in 1959-60 for 50 families and another in 1960-61 for the same number of families. The pattern of the Agricultural Colonies to be started in the Shimoga District will be the same as those proposed for Berads of Bijapur and Belgaum Districts.

5. Housing Colonies for Lambanis of Raichur District.

A large number of Lambani families have come to work in Tungabhadra Project area. They are very poor and their immediate need is housing. It is, therefore, proposed to open 2 Housing Colonies for the Lambanis in the Tungabhadra Project area in Raichur District. Each colony will have 50 families and each family will be given a subsidy of Rs. 400 for the construction of houses. One of these colonies will be constructed in 1959-60 and another in 1960-61 at an estimated cost of Rs. 20,000 each.

6. Sinking of Drinking Water Wells in Bidar, Gulbarga, Raichur and Bijapur Districts.

The Backward Class people in some parts of these four Districts are suffering for want of drinking water facilities. It is, therefore, proposed to construct 50 Drinking Water Wells in these Districts, 25 in 1959-60 and 25 in 1960-61, each well is estimated to cost about Rs. 3,000.

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7. Construction of Roads in the Coastal Strips of North Kanara and South Kanara Districts for the benefit of Fishermen.

The Fishermen Communities in the coastal strips of South and North Kanara Districts live almost in isolation for want of necessary communications with the main roads. This has also stood in the way of the Fishermen in transporting and marketing the fish quickly. It is, therefore, proposed to form roads to the sea-shore from the main roads of the locality so as to improve the communications between the main roads and the Fishermen colonies in the sea-shore. The details of the roads proposed to be formed and the expenditure involved on each road are indicated in the annexed statement (Annexure III). The total cost of the formation of these roads is estimated at Rs. 2,26,000. Out of this, Rs. 1,13,000 will be spent during the current year and an equal amount in the coming year 1960-61.

2. The particular areas for implementation of these Schemes will be selected with special reference to the backwardness of the area and only rural areas will be selected for these schemes. The schemes proposed are such that they can be completed within the Second Plan Period according to the phased programme.

ANNEXURE II

1. Establishment of Agricultural Colony for 50 Families.

	Rs.
1 Housing subsidies at Rs. 400 per family for 50 families for construction of houses.	20,000
2 Economic Aid (for purchase of bullocks, seeds, manure, implements at Rs. 400 per family for 50 families.	20,000
3 Drinking Water Wells; (One Well) ...	3,000
4 School building including equipment, grant to children and maintenance ...	7,000
5 Approach and Link Roads ...	7,000
Total for a Colony ...	<u>57,000</u>
For 12 Colonies ...	<u>6,84,000</u>
2 Two Housing Colonies for 100 families in Tungabhadra area, Raichur District—Housing subsidies at Rs. 400 per family for construction of houses	40,000
3 Sinking of 50 Drinking Water Wells in Bijapur, Gulbarga, Raichur and Bidar districts at Rs. 3,000 per well as these are Backward areas.	1,50,000
4 Communications in the coastal lines in North Kanara and South Kanara districts for the benefit of Fishermen.	2,26,000
Grand total of 1, 2, 3 and 4 ...	<u>11,00,000</u>

ANNEXURE III

South Kanara District.

1 Forming a road connecting Mangalore, Bairdoor Coast Road with sea coast in Hejmadi village.	35,000
2 Road from Vadabandeshwar beach to connect Subraya road in Kadavoor village.	39,050
3 Construction of a bridge across Keppathodu stream at Kambathota in Thonse West Village (included as per Govt. reference No. PWD/15/RMS/58/420, dated 28th July 1958.	(Part only) 24,000
4 Forming a road from Takkatte to sea shore in Bijady from 54/6 of [Mangalore-Bairdoor coast road.	52,000
5 Forming a road connecting sea shore in Navunda village to 68/0 of Mangalore-Bairdoor coast road.	3,900

North Kanara District.

1 Belke-Sapanakatta road	5,000
2 Approach road to Manjaguni	10,000
3 Village approach road from Navilgon Haldipur, Southernkeri to Northernkeri DLB road.	20,000
4 Alvekodi approach road	20,000
5 Approach road for Sea shore in Kagal	14,000
6 Construction of an approach road to sea-coast in Binga village...	3,050
Total ...	<u>2,26,000</u>

ANNEXURE IV

List of Schemes approved by the Government of India for implementation by the Government of Mysore during the financial years 1959-60 and 1960-61 for the development of under-developed rural areas in Mysore State, under the Centrally sponsored programme.

Name of the scheme (with group head)	Amount of Central assistance			Physical targets to be achieved			Location
	1959-60	1960-61	Total	1959-60	1960-61	Total	
I. Education	Nil	Nil	Nil				
II. Economic Uplift:							
(i) Agricultural Colonies	8.42	8.42	6.84	6 colonies for 300 families	6 colonies for 300 families	12 colonies for 600 families	Gulbarga, Belgaum, Bijapur, Shimoga Districts.
III. Health, Housing and Other Scheme							
(ii) Housing Colonies	0.20	0.20	0.40	1 colony for 50 families	1 colony for 50 families	2 colonies for 100 families	Raichur District.
(iii) Drinking water wells	0.75	0.75	1.50	25 wells	25 wells	50 wells	Bidar, Gulbarga, Raichur and Bijapur Districts.
(iv) Communications	1.18	1.18	2.26	20 miles	20 miles	40 miles	North and South Kanare Districts.
	6.50	6.50	11.00				